Insights on the Upcoming Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness

2022 NCHV Annual Conference Friday, June 3, 2022 10:45am-12:00pm EDT





Joe N. Savage, Jr., Ph.D.

Regional Coordinator, USICH Joe.Savage@usich.gov

Katie Jennings

Policy Director, USICH
Katelyn.Jennings@usich.gov



What Is USICH?

The United States Interagency Council on Homelessness:

- Coordinates the federal response to homelessness
- Develops and implements the Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness
- Creates partnerships between national, state, local,
 and private stakeholders; and helps them use resources efficiently
- The *only* federal agency with the sole mission of preventing and ending homelessness



USICH Council

Council Leadership:

- Chair HUD Secretary Marcia Fudge
- Vice Chair VA Secretary Denis McDonough

Council members represent 19 federal agencies:



































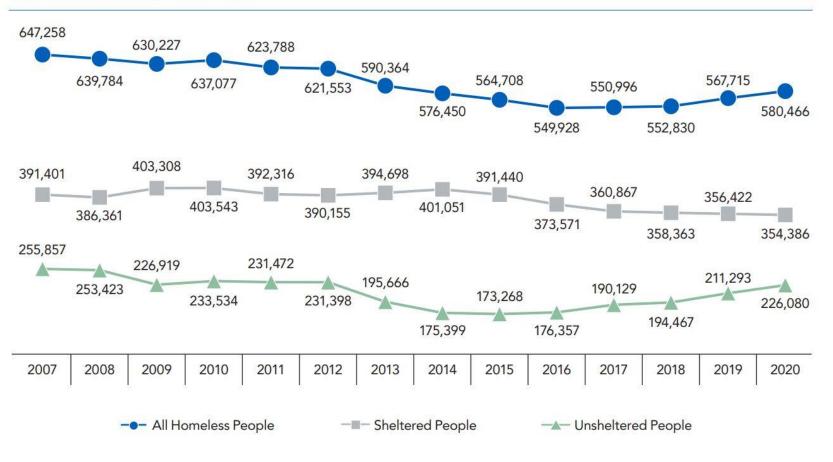






Homelessness in the United States

EXHIBIT 1.1: **PIT Estimates of People Experiencing Homelessness**By Sheltered Status, 2007–2020



- 2.2% increase in overall homelessness between 2019 and 2020 (0.5% increase for Veterans)
- 0.6% decrease in sheltered homelessness (3.0% decrease for Veterans)
- 7.0% increase in unsheltered homelessness (6.0% increase for Veterans)



A New Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness



- Roadmap for Federal action to prevent and end homelessness
- Blueprint for state and local action



How Did We Get Here?

- Listening to and learning from you
- Building upon what's working
- Addressing areas in need of greater attention





Input Process: What did we ask?

- What should the federal government's top priorities be?
- What are the biggest barriers in your community?
- How can the federal government more effectively center racial equity and support equitable access and outcomes at the local level?
- What lessons have you learned during the COVID pandemic about how housing, health, and supportive services systems can best respond?
- Is there anything else you wish to add?



- Lack of affordable housing
- Insufficient and mismatch of supports and services
- Need to focus on reducing inflow
- More guidance and flexibility
- Concern around false narratives and public perception, criminalization
- Impact of systemic racism, discrimination and caseworker bias
- More authentic and meaningful engagement



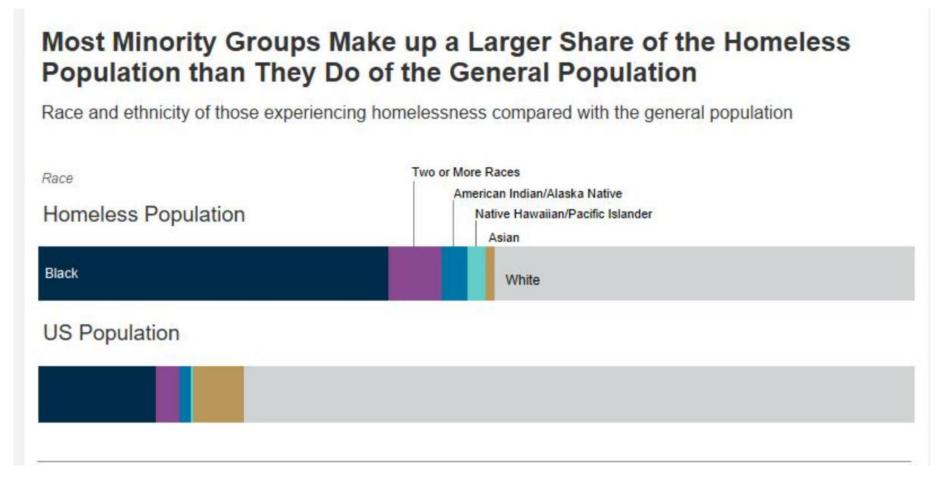
Key Principle: Housing is a human right

"If we are to fully achieve justice in housing, we must fully accept what that means. Justice in housing is everyone realizing the fundamental truth—housing is a human right."

USICH Council Chair, Secretary Marcia Fudge



Key Principle: Addressing Systemic Racism





Key Principles: Data and Evidence



Build off what we know



Evaluate, assess, and course correct



Consider all qualitative and quantitative data to gain insight



Strengthen infrastructure



Shared research agenda



Transparency and accountability





Key Principle: Rely on the experts

For too long, we haven't had the right people at the right tables. For too long, people who have never experienced homelessness, including myself, have been in positions to make policy decisions "on behalf of" rather than "in partnership with" people who best understand the problem. We need to create new, meaningful opportunities for people who have been homeless to design policies and programs, devise solutions, and allocate budgets at all levels of government. And they should be paid for their expertise—not just with a gift card or a slice of pizza. We must move beyond tokenism to real power-sharing.

Jeff Olivet, USICH Executive Director





Key Principle: Prevent Homelessness



- Reduce housing instability for persons exiting jail/prison, foster care, hospitals, etc.
- Increase access to communitybased health
- Rebuild the social safety net to prevent housing crisis before it occurs



Key Principle: Housing First, Not Housing Only









Key Principle: Housing IS Health Care





Key Principle: Housing Not Handcuffs





Key Principle: No One-Size-Fits-All Approaches

- Each community is different: population, resources, context
- Different people have different needs: tailored approaches are needed
- Flexibility to support innovation



Key Principle:

Homelessness is a Systemic Problem

- Economic Opportunity
- Affordable Housing
- Education
- Healthcare

System Elements

Precursors to Homelessness

- Poverty
- Housing Instability
- Poor Health
- Domestic Violence

- People living unsheltered or in shelter
- Exacerbated health and mental health issues

Homelessness

Homeless Services

- Shelters
- Housing Programs
- Job training
- Health Clinics

Racism and Discrimination



- The Plan will be comprised of key pillars and strategies that will lay groundwork for implementation
 - Represents current and best thinking
- Following release of plan:
 - USICH will work with key stakeholders—including persons with lived expertise to develop tools and guidance
 - USICH Regional Coordinators will work with state and local leaders and organizations to support local and state adoption of the Plan
 - USICH will work with Federal partners to turn strategies into actions and will report on progress







www.usich.gov